APS Scientific Computation Seminar Series

Speaker:	Kevin W. Eliceiri, Ph.D., RRF Walter H. Helmerich Professor, Medical Physics and Biomedical Engineering Director, Center for Quantitative Cell Imaging, LOCI, Investigator, Morgridge Institute for Research
Title:	Computational Optics of the Tumor Microenvironment
Date: Time:	October 23, 2023 1:00 p.m. (Central Time)
Location:	Join ZoomGov Meeting https://argonne.zoomgov.com/j/1609410137?pwd=N3NpQWE1dkJsSmZEMIo3WkliNWxKUT09 Meeting ID: 160 941 0137 Passcode: 570650 One tap mobile +16692545252,,1609410137# US (San Jose) +16469641167,,1609410137# US (US Spanish Line) Dial by your location +1 669 254 5252 US (San Jose) +1 646 964 1167 US (US Spanish Line) +1 646 828 7666 US (New York) +1 646 828 7666 US (New Jersey) +1 669 216 1590 US (San Jose) +1 415 449 4000 US (US Spanish Line) Meeting ID: 160 941 0137
Hosts:	Mathew Cherukara and Nicholas Schwarz
Abstract:	Dr. Kevin Eliceiri is the Walter H. Helmerich Research Chair and Professor of Medical Physics and Biomedical Engineering at the University of Wisconsin at Madison. He is an Investigator in the Morgridge Institute for Research and member of the Carbone Cancer Center and McPherson Eye Research Institute. He is director of the Center for Quantitative Cell Imaging dedicated to the development and application of optical and computational technologies for cell studies. The Eliceiri lab is the lead developer of several open-source imaging packages including FIJI and ImageJ. His instrumentation efforts involve novel forms of polarization, laser scanning and multiscale imaging. Dr. Eliceiri has authored more than 250 scientific papers on various aspects of optical imaging, image analysis, cancer, and live cell imaging. The cellular microenvironment in disease models is increasingly being recognized as a key contributing factor in disease onset and progression. Particularly in cancer, key features of the cellular microenvironment such as metabolic fluxes and organization of the collagen rich extracellular matrix (ECM) have been demonstrated to be candidate image-based biomarkers for cancer invasion and progression. However, despite the great promise of these microenvironment image features, their clinical application has been limited for several reasons including a lack of computational methods for extracting these signatures. We will overview our collaborative work to quantitate metabolism and ECM organization in a range of tumor models all using a combination of both intrinsic and extrinsic multiparametric optical signals. These signals include polarization, fluorescence intensity, spectra, and lifetime. We will discuss technical approaches and advances for each and early efforts to extend these to clinical pathology. We will also discuss the computational tools being used for this work including open- source software we are developing specifically for this.