Work Planning and Control

Changes made in this revision:

- Changed preparer from TSS to AES Division Director
- Added Emergent Work and Process for Off hours High-Risk/High-Hazard Work
- Updated Section 3 to include lab flow chart on Stop Work, renamed Suspend work to Pause work.
- Added guidance for non-APS Argonne employee work within PSC facilities and added reference to PSC Plan of the Day/Plan of the Week process throughout.
- Updated Section 4 to include responsibilities from Argonne WPC process.
- Updated Section 5 to include the Work Request System use for approvals, updated WCD approval and authorization renewal periods.
- Updated expectations for the management of controls identified in the APS Safety Assessment Document that are important to accelerator safety.
- Updated definition of Unreviewed Safety Issue and actions needed.
- Updated the requirements on the use of ESAF to be compatible with the ESAF system being under the management of the APS User Experimental Program.
- Updated references.

Prepared by:

AES Division Director

Reviewed/Approved by:

WSE/AES ESH Coordinator
WSE/XSD ESH Coordinator
WSE/ASD ESH Coordinator
APS-U ESH Lead
Safety Manager, PSC
ASD Division Director
XSD Division Director
APS-U Project Manager
APS-U Project Director
Deputy ALD for Operations

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Work Planning and Control

1 Introduction

This document describes APS work planning and control (WPC) processes to:

1. Ensure a safe working environment, protecting workers and the public.
2. Ensure hazards associated with the work are mitigated or eliminated.
3. Identify clear roles and responsibilities of those involved in the planning and execution of the work.
4. Identify the impact of the work on the facility and the work force.
5. Support highly reliable facility operations.
6. Optimize the use of effort and other resources to support the mission of the APS.
7. Provide a consistent framework to develop new or improve existing work practices.

Consistent with DOE and Argonne requirements for Integrated Safety Management (see Appendix A for additional information), each WPC process will contain the following elements:

1. Definition of the scope of work.
2. Identification and analysis of hazards associated with the work.
3. Plans that will mitigate or eliminate hazards. Plans will include the assignment of workers that have the knowledge, skills, and experience to safely complete the work and a briefing to workers, as appropriate to the task(s), on the scope of work and controls.
4. Approval and authorization requirements.
5. Requirements for closeout, feedback, and lessons learned.

2 Scope

This policy describes the overall requirements for WPC at the APS—implementation details are established in APS policies and procedures identified below.

This policy applies to:

- All technical and experimental work (i.e., other than office or other administrative work) done by APS employees and APS users. For the purposes of this policy, Argonne Associates, paid for by the APS, are considered APS employees.
- Contracted work (including construction) done at the APS, unless otherwise described by contract.
- Work done by APS employees not working at the APS. In general, the employee must meet the joint requirements of this APS policy and the host facility requirements.
- Experimental work done by non-APS employees.

This policy does not address resource allocation, or other administrative project management activities. Work done by non-APS Argonne employees at APS should follow...
the Argonne and their directorate or divisional work planning and control policy, this policy and the PSC Plan of the Week/Plan of the Day process, APS_2283170.

3 Process

Work planning and control, as described here, is the method by which the APS implements Integrated Safety Management (ISM), meeting the worker safety and health requirements for hands-on work.

Every worker is responsible for helping to ensure that Argonne and the APS maintain a safe work environment.

Managers are responsible for overseeing the work of their reports and responsible for the protection of workers, the public, and the environment.

Controls and systems important to accelerator safety are identified within the APS Safety Assessment Document. Credited controls are controls determined through safety analysis to be essential for safe operation directly related to the protection of personnel or the environment.

Stop Work

In every element of hands-on work, Argonne Work Planning and Control Manual, LMS-MNL-10, Section 1.5, all personnel have both the authority and the responsibility to stop work if there appears to be an imminent safety hazard or danger to the environment.

An individual who exercises stop-work authority, must: (1) ensure other workers are notified; (2) report their action to the Person in Charge (PIC), and (3) report their action to their APS Division Director or APS-U Project Director or more senior line manager. Once a stop-work is called, workers may only secure the work environment; otherwise, all personnel involved in the work must comply with the stop-work and halt all work.

Workers may resume stopped work only when the responsible APS Division Director and/or APS-U Project Manager for work involving APS-U or more senior manager, has verified that the appropriate hazard controls are in place and the individual who stopped the work has had the opportunity to concur with the corrective action(s).

Pause Work (sometimes also referred to as Suspend Work)

Workers have the authority and responsibility to suspend or pause work:

- If a deficiency or unsafe condition is found, provided that it does not pose an immediate danger to personnel or the environment.
- If any ambiguity exists in work authorization or work procedure.
- If a change is made to the approved scope of work.
- If an inconsistency is found between the approved design, the physical installation, or other work documents.

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Workers may resume suspended or paused work when the deficiency has been corrected or the ambiguity has been clarified and the individual who paused or suspended the work has had the opportunity to concur with any corrective action(s). Figure 1-2, Stop Work Authority, (below), from Work Planning and Control Manual, LMS-MNL-10, is a flowchart that can be used as a guide in pause or stop work situations.

![Stop Work Authority Flowchart](image)

**Figure 1-2 Stop Work Authority**

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Unreviewed Safety Issues

The APS Safety Assessment Document (SAD) identifies anticipated hazards in APS activities. An Unreviewed Safety Issue (USI) exists if an activity or discovered condition with accelerator specific hazards has yet to be evaluated to determine if the activity or discovered condition introduces accelerator specific hazards that are not adequately addressed by the current SAD and approved ASE.

APS policy, Unreviewed Safety Issue Determination (USID) and the Argonne procedure LMS-PROC-383, Facility Specific Implementation of Unreviewed Safety Issue (USI) Procedure outline the process used to determine if a USI exists and needs to be resolved through the development of a Reviewed Safety Issue (RSI). Work is suspended or stopped during the completion of the RSI. Work may only proceed after the RSI is complete and any relevant actions identified in the RSI development have been performed. In general, a USI is resolved by one of three outcomes: a USI evaluation through an RSI is not required; an RSI is completed and the activity or condition that introduces accelerator specific hazards is found to be adequately address by the current SAD and approved ASE; or an RSI is completed and the activity or discovered condition introduces accelerator specific hazards that are not adequately by the current SAD and approved ASE. This last situation is addressed per the Argonne procedure.

Generally, work performed on systems and processes listed in the SAD that affect accelerator safety will not require the development of an RSI if the technical subject matter expert concludes that the change meets all of the following conditions:

- The equipment or system will continue to meet the design requirements,
- The equipment or system will meet all interface requirements,
- The changes will not impact the safety or design basis as outlined in the SAD

If you think there is a possible USI or have a question about USIs, contact an ESH Coordinator for guidance.

Radiation Safety System Change Control

Radiation Safety Systems (RSS) prevent exposures of personnel to unacceptable levels of ionizing radiation and include radiation shielding; hardware that positions the shielding; and accelerator and beamline personnel safety interlock systems (ACIS and PSS respectively). Any work on RSS must comply with Change Control for Radiation Safety Shielding, including a Configuration Control Work Permit (CCWP) for any RSS work. The APS Engineering Support (AES) Division is responsible for work on beamline RSS with the APS Safety Interlock Group responsible for all work on the ACIS and PSS and Accelerator Systems Division (ASD) oversees accelerator RSS work.

APS Experimental Work

The APS has established a specialized WPC process tailored to experimental work (see the
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**APS Experiment Safety Reviews** procedure) performed by APS Users. Reviews and control plans are based on information collected using the **Experiment Safety Assessment Form** (ESAF), available as an online form. To ensure uniform standards for experiment controls, the ESAF is used for both beamline and laboratory-based experimental work anywhere at the APS including on the experiment hall floor, in accelerator facilities, in the lab office modules, and in other APS labs when that work is in support of the APS User Experimental Program. Set-up and testing are included as part of an experiment’s scope. ANL employees outside of APS who are conducting experimental work are required to follow the Argonne and their directorate or divisional work planning and control policy in addition to the below.

No experiment will be allowed to run until 1) an ESAF has been approved and 2) an APS Floor Coordinator (FC) reviews/confirms experiment controls are in place with the on-site spokesperson and a FC-generated Experiment Authorization form (EA) has been signed-off by the on-site spokesperson and the form has been posted by a FC.

**Contractor Services**

The APS also has established specialized WPC processes tailored to Contractor and Construction Services, see the [Contractor and Construction Services](#) policy for details. Contract work must be conducted in accordance with LMS-PROC-123, [Contractor Safety](#).

**Facility Technical Tasks**

All other work not described above is categorized as a Facility Technical Task. Work in this category is planned using the Argonne AWARE software application to generate a WCD.

- For repeated tasks and routine work, groups are encouraged to develop standard work procedures and/or incorporate critical work steps directly into the APS eTraveller documents. A general WCD documenting the associated hazards and controls must be created in the AWARE tool, using either the Task-based or Standard Operating Procedure (SOP)-supporting Hazard Analyses option.
- For work that is a one-time job or for tasks that are not routine (due to new personnel performing or overseeing the tasks, tasks being performed in a new location, complexity of the tasks, etc.), a Task-based Hazard Analyses WCD shall be generated by the group originating the work. Complex work typically is that which requires high mental awareness to perform tasks, extensive coordination with individuals and/or organizations, variable work area conditions, and/or emergency personnel on standby.
- The AWARE tool requires the preparer to identify hazards and select appropriate control sets to mitigate those hazards. An overall hazard level is assigned to the WCD, based on the highest hazard level of those identified.
- After the hazard level is assigned, a risk level of low, moderate, or high must be assigned by the individual performing the authorization. Factors affecting the risk include consideration of the personnel or work teams who will perform the work, the location of the work, available supervision, and other factors. See the WPC Manual Section 5.2 for a list of factors to be considered.
- Work done by non-APS Argonne employees at APS should follow the Argonne and
their directorate or divisional work planning and control policy, this policy and the PSC Plan of the Week/Plan of the Day process, APS_2283170.

- Approval and authorization are the responsibility of the person(s) listed in the following table:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>WCD hazard level (Per AWARE)</th>
<th>WCD approver(s)</th>
<th>WCD authorizer</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Low</td>
<td>Group or Section Leader and, for APS-U work, an APS-U Assoc. Project Manager or designee</td>
<td>Supervisor, Section Leader, or Group Leader, or, for APS-U work, an APS-U Assoc. Project Manager or designee</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Moderate</td>
<td>Group Leader and, for APS-U work, an APS-U Assoc. Project Manager or designee</td>
<td>Group Leader or, for APS-U work, an APS-U Assoc. Project Manager or designee</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>High</td>
<td>Division manager (DD, DDD, or ADD) and, for APS-U work, an APS-U Assoc. Project Manager</td>
<td>Division manager (DD, DDD, or ADD) for APS-U work, or an APS-U Assoc. Project Manager</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

An overall summary of WPC for the APS is provided in Section 5 of this procedure.

New facility installations (e.g., a new beamline) or engineering/facility changes that have the potential to introduce safety concerns, financial risk, potentially impact the continuity of operations or a control important to accelerator safety including credited controls must be reviewed before the installation or change per the APS Design Review procedure.

Emergent or Emergency Work

During operations, it may be necessary to complete emergent work to correct issues to restart the accelerator. Those on-call have been identified by line management to perform work. For emergent work, work should be authorized by the area manager, machine manager or Main Control Room AND line management (Chief Technician, Section Leader, Group Leader, Associate Division Director, Associate Project Manager, Deputy Division Director, Project Manager, Division Director, Project Director, or Deputy ALD) based on the hazard level in Section 5 below.

This may be done via the work request system. If entering in the work request system will delay correcting the issue and restarting the accelerator, verbal approvals are permitted. Generally, complete emergency work to return to a stable condition, and then, afterward, document what work occurred.

Off Hours High-Hazard/High-Risk Work

All high-hazard and high-risk activities conducted on and off site before or after regular Monday through Friday, 6 a.m. to 7 p.m. work hours, on weekends, or on holidays will require additional reviews and approval. Following the requirements of Appendix C for off hours (after 7 p.m. and before 6 a.m.), high-risk/high-hazard activities, this includes a request to the lab’s Corrective...
Action Review Board (CARB) one at least one week prior to when the off-hours work is scheduled.

4 Roles & Responsibilities

Worker
- Performs the hands-on work.
- Ensures work is done in conformance with the approved controls.
- Stops or suspends work as needed.
- Completes required training for the work.
- Notifies the Person in Charge (PIC) if work plans need to be corrected.
- Identifies opportunities for improvement and brings them to the attention of the PIC.
- Participates in pre-job briefings.

Person In Charge (PIC)
- In charge of the work, regardless of job title.
- Directs or oversees the work of one or more workers or may manage multiple activities.
- Responsible for managing the entire process of work execution.
- Communicates the scope, hazard, and controls for the activity and the precautions needed to use equipment and facilities safely and effectively.
- Conducts the pre-job briefing, verifies that workers attend, and must address all questions and concerns raised.
- Accountable for carrying out the work described in the work control document, and ensuring tasks are completed safely as per approved requests and documenting work status (in progress, complete, etc.)
- Stops or suspends work as needed.
- Ensures workers have the proper training, including On-the-Job training, to perform the tasks.
- Ensures a work request for the work is submitted in following PSC Plan of the Week/Plan of the Day process, APS_2283170 and APS Maintenance Shutdown Planning, APS_2188852.
- Feedback point of contact (e.g., where one would go for a correction to work plan or controls or for improvement suggestions).

Approver(s)
- Person(s) designated to formally approve work plan and controls.
- Confirms WCD is adequate for the work and any comments on the WCD have been addressed/resolved.
- Approval does not imply that the work can be started; only that the plan is sound.
- Sufficiently knowledgeable of the work to validate that the appropriate hazards have been identified and controls selected.
Authorizer

- Sufficiently knowledgeable of the work to confirm controls are in place and trained personnel have been scheduled to perform the work.
- Person designated to provide formal permission to initiate work.
- Responsible for confirming the following: training complete, WCD approved, controls are in place to protect the safety and health of workers during the work, co-located work is addressed.
- Assigns the PIC and identifies the workers as independent or limited.
5 Summary of Work Planning & Control

Experimental Work, see [APS Experiment Safety Reviews](https://www.aps.anl.gov/Document-Central) for additional information

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<td>The experiment Spokesperson completes the description sections of the experiment on an <a href="https://www.aps.anl.gov/Document-Central">ESAF</a>.</td>
<td>Experiment Spokesperson identifies the hazard classes sections on an <a href="https://www.aps.anl.gov/Document-Central">ESAF</a> and submits the <a href="https://www.aps.anl.gov/Document-Central">ESAF</a>.</td>
<td>Upon ES AF submittal, Hazard Control Plan (HCP) is automatically generated.</td>
<td>Safety: 1) Beamline or APS Group designated approver and 2) APS Experiment Safety Review Board</td>
<td>Experiment Authorization (EA): 1) APS Floor Coordinator (FC) generates an EA form. 2) FC confirms controls in place with experiment Spokesperson (SP) 3) SP signs-off EA form 4) FC posts EA at work area</td>
<td>Experiment executed by persons identified on ES AF. Beamline staff, Floor Coordinators, and APS ESH personnel provide oversight</td>
<td>FC removes EA and updates run log</td>
<td>End of Run form</td>
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## Contractor Services

Contractor Services, see contractor and Construction Services for additional information.

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<td>Requestor submits requirements to APS Site Operations Group (ASO).</td>
<td>Contractor prepare a contractor’s Job Safety Analysis (JSA), see LMS-PROC-123.</td>
<td>For each hazard identified, the contractor, in coordination with ASO, develops mitigating controls.</td>
<td>Sign-offs required per the Work Project Checklist are obtained. Review and concurrence by the cognizant responsible manager are required for work that may affect the continuity of APS operations or controls important to accelerator safety including credited controls. Work Request approved by area or machine manager following review of conflicts with other work areas or scope and validation of approved WCD.</td>
<td>AES Division Director (or designee), or, for work involving APS-U, an APS-U Assoc. Project Manager</td>
<td>Per contracts and applicable JSA and/or WCD</td>
<td>ASO provides oversight</td>
<td>Feedback to ASO</td>
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<td>OR Requestor submits requirements to APSU to define scope.</td>
<td>When work is to be performed by Argonne staff, a WCD is generated for the Argonne workers using the Argonne AWARE software application.</td>
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# Technical Tasks not covered above, see Work Request guide and Argonne’s AWARE tool for additional information

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<td>Scope and Scope Limits are captured clearly in the Scope of Work section of a WCD using either the:</td>
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<td>Task-based Hazard Analyses or</td>
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<td>SOP-supporting Hazard Analyses in the Argonne AWARE software application.</td>
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<td>Requestor or cognizant individual identifies hazards and mitigating controls in the Argonne AWARE software application.</td>
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<td>A hazard analysis with identification of controls is required for generation of a WCD. This hazard analysis assigns an overall hazard level (Low, Moderate, High), based on the highest level of the hazard and control combinations in the work package. Routine, common and frequently performed work that is categorized as Hazard Level Low or Moderate can be part of a group summary WCD, using either a Task-based or SOP-supporting Hazard Analyses in the Argonne AWARE software application.</td>
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<td>Hazard: Low Group Leader and, for work involving APS-U, an APS-U Assoc. Project Manager. Approval not to exceed 5-yr.</td>
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<td>Hazard: Moderate Group Leader and, for work involving APS-U, an APS-U Assoc. Project Manager. Approval not to exceed 3-yr.</td>
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<td>Hazard: High Division Manager (DD, ADD, or DD2) and, for work involving APS-U, an APS-U Assoc. Project Manager. Approval not to exceed 1-yr. Note: in the case of APS-U follow the process described in the PSC POW/POD Process.</td>
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<td>Authorization is completed Argonne AWARE software application by the below:</td>
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<td>Hazard: Low Supervisor or, for APS-U, an APS-U Assoc. PM or designee. Authorization not to exceed 12-mo.</td>
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<td>Hazard: Moderate Group Leader or, for APS-U, an APS-U Assoc. PM or designee. Authorization not to exceed 6-mo.</td>
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<td>Hazard: High DD, Associate DD, or, for APS-U, an APS-U Assoc. PM. Authorization not to exceed 3-mo. The Authorizer assigns a Risk Level, considering risk factors in Section 5.1 of the WPC Manual. High risk work must be entered into the Hazardous Work Registry.</td>
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<td>Work should be authorized only for systems with approved designs.</td>
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<td>Overseen by a Person in Charge. For low-risk work, the APS Pre-Job Brief software application may be used to document work release. The Brief should be completed as often as necessary to address changing scope, personnel, or conditions. For moderate or high-risk work, the APS Pre-Job Brief software application is required for work involving APS-U, or work that may affect the continuity of operations or controls important to accelerator safety including credited controls, a Pre-Job Brief is required. Pre-Job Briefs must be completed as often as necessary to address changing scope, personnel, or conditions, minimally:</td>
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<td>Once per month for moderate risk or moderate hazard work; and,</td>
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<td>Once per week for high-risk work.</td>
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<td>Update facility records (e.g., file as-built drawings, update maintenance logs, and file closed permits – including CCWPs for work on shielding)</td>
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<td>Provide feedback to the procedure author, Person in Charge, Supervisor, Group Leader, and/or APS-U Assoc. Project Manager. A post-job review is required for moderate and high-risk work. Feedback should be captured via the APS Pre-Job Brief software application. For low-risk work, feedback may be documented via the APS Pre-Job Brief software application. Work Request system, Toolbox Review or Plan of the Day/Week meeting. forearm regard, feedback may be documented via the APS Pre-Job Brief software application.</td>
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<td>See Appendix B.</td>
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6 Related Policies

- APS Beamline ESH Programs, APS_1410274
- APS Change Control for Radiation Safety Shielding, APS_1685081
- APS Design Reviews, APS_000031
- APS Experiment Safety Reviews, APS_1187022
- APS Main Control Room Conduct of Operations, APS_1180311
- APS Maintenance Shutdown Planning, APS_218852
- APS Safety Assessment Document (SAD), APS_1188832
- APS Unreviewed Safety Determination, APS_1185831
- PSC Plan of the Week/Plan of the Day process, APS_2283170
- Argonne Safety and Health Policy, LMS-POL-1
- Argonne Work Planning and Control Manual, Rev 2, June 16, 2023
- Argonne Facility Specific Implementation of Unreviewed Safety Issue (USI) Procedure, LMS-PROC-383
- DOE Integrated Safety Management Policy, DOE P 450.4A
- Introduction and Use of the APS Work Request System, APS_1302758
- Managing APS Facility Procedures, APS_1001409
- Updated Process for High-Hazard and High-Risk Activities Conducted Outside of Normal Work Hours, On and Off Site, Intralab Memo, Effective June 26, 2023

7 Records Created by this Procedure

The retention/disposal of the records listed below are guided by and at a minimum meet the records management standards set in DOE Records Disposition Schedules.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description of Document/Record</th>
<th>Custodian</th>
<th>Storage Location and Medium</th>
<th>Retention Requirement</th>
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<tr>
<td>Group-level technical procedures</td>
<td>APS Procedure Administrators</td>
<td>DMS/ICMS</td>
<td>5 years</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Completed WCDs</td>
<td>Author</td>
<td>AWARE software application</td>
<td>5 years</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pre-Job and Post-Job Briefs</td>
<td>Author</td>
<td>AWARE and APS software application</td>
<td>5 years</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>APS Work Requests</td>
<td>Author</td>
<td>APS Work Request System</td>
<td>5 years</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

8 Feedback and Improvement

If you are using this procedure and have comments or suggested improvements for it, please go to the APS Policies and Procedures Comment Form to submit your input to a Procedure Administrator. If you are reviewing this procedure in workflow, your input must be entered in the comment box when you approve or reject the procedure.

The current version of this procedure is accessible from https://www.aps.anl.gov/Document-Central. Print or electronically downloaded copies may be obsolete. Before using such a copy for work direction, employees must verify that it is current by comparing its revision number to that shown in the online version.
Instructions for execution-time modifications to a policy/procedure can be found in the following document: Field Modification of APS Policy/Procedure (APS_1408152).

Appendix A: Excerpt from the DOE Integrated Safety Management Policy (DOE P 450.4A CHG 1)

GUIDING PRINCIPLES OF INTEGRATED SAFETY MANAGEMENT

LINE MANAGEMENT RESPONSIBILITY FOR SAFETY. Line management is directly responsible for the protection of the workers, the public, and the environment.

CLEAR ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES. Clear and unambiguous lines of authority and responsibility for ensuring safety are established and maintained at all organizational levels within the Department and its contractors.

COMPETENCE COMMENSURATE WITH RESPONSIBILITIES. Personnel possess the experience, knowledge, skills, and abilities that are necessary to discharge their responsibilities.

BALANCED PRIORITIES. Resources are effectively allocated to address safety, programmatic, and operational considerations. Protecting the workers, the public, and the environment is a priority whenever activities are planned and performed.

IDENTIFICATION OF SAFETY STANDARDS AND REQUIREMENTS. Before work is performed, the associated hazards are evaluated and an agreed-upon set of safety standards and requirements is established which, if properly implemented, will provide adequate assurance that the workers, the public, and the environment are protected from adverse consequences.

HAZARD CONTROLS TAILORED TO WORK BEING PERFORMED. Administrative and engineering controls to prevent and mitigate hazards are tailored to the work being performed and associated hazards.

OPERATIONS AUTHORIZATION. The conditions and requirements to be satisfied for operations to be initiated and conducted are clearly established and agreed upon.

CORE FUNCTIONS FOR INTEGRATED SAFETY MANAGEMENT

These five core safety management functions provide the necessary structure for any work activity that could potentially affect the workers, the public, and the environment.

The functions are applied as a continuous cycle with the degree of rigor appropriate to address the type of work activity and the hazards involved.

DEFINE THE SCOPE OF WORK. Missions are translated into work, expectations are set, tasks are identified and prioritized, and resources are allocated.

ANALYZE THE HAZARDS. Hazards associated with the work are identified, analyzed, and categorized.
DEVELOP AND IMPLEMENT HAZARD CONTROLS. Applicable standards and requirements are identified and agreed-upon, controls to prevent/mitigate hazards are identified, the safety envelope is established, and controls are implemented.

PERFORM WORK WITHIN CONTROLS. Readiness is confirmed and work is performed safely.

PROVIDE FEEDBACK AND CONTINUOUS IMPROVEMENT. Feedback information on the adequacy of controls is gathered; opportunities for improving the definition and planning of work are identified and implemented.
Appendix B: Pre-Job Briefing and Post-Job Briefing Guidelines

Adapted from Hanford Mission Support Contract procedure MSC-PRO-14047, dated Apr 28, 2011.

Work at the APS, whether conducted per Work Control Documents (WCDs), technical procedure or other form of work instruction, is expected to begin with a Pre-Job Briefing for the purpose of exchanging essential information about the work between the assigned workers and the task Person In Charge.

The pre-job briefing process communicates to the workers the scope of the work, the hazards and requirements, and the controls such that work can be performed safely. Pre-Job Briefings are a key element of successful implementation of ISM principles at the activity level for performing work within controls.

The Post-Job Review process is a fundamental element of the ISM core function of feedback and continuous improvement at the activity level. The positive and negative outcomes experienced during work performance serve as the talking points that lead to continual improvement. Formal and informal feedback shall be used to verify safe work performance, identify needed corrections, and communicate opportunities to improve the planning and safe execution of the work process.

The minimum expectations are established below for formal and informal Pre- and Post-Job Briefings for work at the APS:

Definitions:

Formal Pre- or Post-Job Brief: Documented briefing via the APS Pre-Job Brief software application or hardcopy form.

Informal Pre- or Post-Job Brief: Individual or team discussion covering basic tenets of a Pre-Job Brief, not requiring documentation. These typically take the form of a Plan of the Day, Plan of the Week, “Toolbox” or Work Status Review meetings.

Process:

1. Review the approved procedure and/or Work Control Document to determine if a formal Pre-Job Brief is required based on these criteria below. A formal Pre-Job Brief is required when any of the following criteria are met:

   - A Medium or High-Risk determination is made by the work authorizer.
   - A Medium Hazard Level is assigned to the WCD, regardless of risk determination.
   - Work involves the APS-U project.
   - Work may impact the continuity of APS operations, or controls important to accelerator safety including credited controls.
   - Specified in the work instruction or reference procedure(s).
2. Furthermore, conducting a formal pre-job briefing should be considered, whenever:

- A large work team is involved,
- The job is complex,
- Extensive communication will be required during the job,
- Workers or the designated Person in Charge have limited experience with the job or each other,
- Timing is critical to success, or

3. When a formal Pre-Job Brief is conducted, the Pre-Job Brief should be conducted and documented via the APS Pre-Job Brief software application or hardcopy form.

4. When a formal Pre-Job Brief is conducted, the Post-Job Brief should be conducted and documented via the APS Pre-Job Brief software application or hardcopy form.
Appendix C: Process for High-Hazard and High-Risk Activities Conducted Outside of Normal Working Hours

All high-hazard and high-risk activities conducted on and off site before or after regular Monday through Friday, 6 a.m. to 7 p.m. work hours, on weekends, or on holidays will require additional reviews and approval.

Requirements for Conducting High-Hazard/High-Risk Work Off Hours

1. The division director must ensure there are resources at the work location needed to safely execute, oversee, and support the job. At a minimum this includes the:
   a. Person-in-charge (PIC);
   b. Authorized workers;
   c. Division line management representative;
   d. Safety field support (e.g., health physics, Environment, Safety and Health (ESH) coordinator, electrical safety); and
   e. Argonne Site Office (ASO) representative (if determined necessary by the ASO site manager)

   **Note:** The Argonne Fire Department is on site and available 24/7. Likewise, an off-shift maintenance foreman and mechanic are always on site to cover after-hour, weekend, and holiday building emergencies and support.

2. On the day work begins, the PIC must conduct a documented pre-job briefing in the APS Pre-Job Brief software application and follow the requirements of Appendix B and include a walkdown of the work area with the people listed above.

3. Upon completion of the work, the PIC must conduct and document a post-job review in the APS Pre-Job Brief software application.

How to Determine if Work Is High Hazard or High Risk

- Use the Aware high-hazard tree to identify high-hazard activities planned to be performed off-hours. ESH will work with those groups that do not use the Aware application to conduct a hazard identification, review, and risk assessment process for high hazards and moderate electrical hazards.
- Work that is not high hazard may still be high risk. Consider the risk factors below to determine high-risk activities. Please note, routine work may be deemed high hazard or high risk.
  - Resource limitations
  - Personnel experience
How to Have High-Hazard and High-Risk Work Outside of Normal Hours Approved

Inform the appropriate Division Director (DD), for APSU inform the project manager (PM). The DD or APSU PM will inform both the Deputy ALD for Operations and APSU Project Director. Once the DALD for Operations and APSU Project Director agree, submit a request form to CARB@anl.gov at least one week prior to when the off-hours work is scheduled and enter the work in the AWARE Management Awareness Tool. Requests will be jointly and expediently reviewed, discussed, and approved (or disapproved) by a group of senior managers with significant safety and operations experience. This group includes the:

- ESH senior director
- Deputy chief operations officer (DCOO)
- Directorate COOs
- Infrastructure Services senior director
- ASO Operations division director

They will consult additional subject matter experts as needed.