

EPICS Database Practice

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EPICS record types

- Where do record types come from?
 - EPICS Base (<base>/src/rec)
 - General purpose record types
 - Documented in the EPICS Record Reference Manual
 - No record-type specific operator displays or databases
 - EPICS collaboration
 - General purpose, and application-specific, record types
 - Some are supported for use by collaborators (some are NOT)
 - Some come with record-type specific displays and database templates
 - Custom record types can be written by any EPICS developer, and added to specific EPICS IOC applications as needed.
 - Not in the scope of this lecture



The Record Reference Manual

- Where is it?
 - EPICS Home > Base > R3.14.x > Reference Reference Manual (wiki)
- What is in it?
 - Database Concepts (good review)
 - Fields common to all records
 - Fields common to many records
 - Record Type Documentation
 - Provides a description of the fields and record processing functionality of each record type in base.
- When would I use it?
 - Skim through before writing any databases
 - Read through before writing any new record types
 - Otherwise, use as reference



Manual Outline

- Preface, Chapter 1: Essential background information
 - Note special meaning of the words scan, process, address, link, and monitor
- Chapter 2-39: Record reference
 - Some parts may still be slightly out of date
 - Descriptions of each field, record processing, and other information needed when writing device support
 - Contains lots of tables like this:

Field	Summary	Type	DCT	Initial	Access	Modify	Rec Proc Monitor	PP
EGU	Engineering Units	STRING [16]	Yes	null	Yes	Yes	No	No
HOPR	High Operating Range	FLOAT	Yes	0	Yes	Yes	No	No
LOPR	Low Operating Range	FLOAT	Yes	0	Yes	Yes	No	No
PREC	Display Precision	SHORT	Yes	0	Yes	Yes	No	No
NAME	Record Name	STRING [29]	Yes	Null	Yes	No	No	No
DESC	Description	STRING [29]	Yes	Null	Yes	Yes	No	No

Collaboration supported records

- Where are they found?
 - Soft-support list: <http://www.aps.anl.gov/epics/modules/soft.php>
 - The tech-talk email list (check archives first, then ask)
- The soft-support list contains entries like this (and entries for other kinds of soft support):

Class	Name	Description	Contact	Link
record	epid	Enhanced PID record	Mark Rivers	CARS:epid Record
record	genSub	Multi-I/O subroutine, handles arrays	Andy Foster	OSL:epics
...
record	table	Control an optical table	Tim Mooney	APS:synApps /optics
record	timestamp	...exports its timestamp as a string	Stephanie Allison	SLAC:time stamp

Input Records

- ai - Analog input
 - Read analog value, convert to engineering units, four alarm levels, simulation mode
- aai – Array analog input
 - Read array of analog values, simulation mode
- bi - Binary input
 - Single bit, two states, assign strings to each state, alarm on either state or change of state, simulation mode
- mbbi - Multi-bit binary input
 - Multiple bit, sixteen states, assign input value for each state, assign strings to each state, assign alarm level to each state, simulation mode
- mbbiDirect – mbbi variant
 - Read an unsigned short and map each bit to a field (16 BI records in one)



Input Records (cont..)

- stringin - String input
 - 40 character (max) ascii string, simulation mode
- longin - Long integer input
 - Long integer, four alarm levels, simulation mode
- waveform – array input
 - Configurable data type and array size



Algorithms/Control Records - Calc

- calc - run-time expression evaluation
 - 12 input links, user specified expression (algebraic, trig, relational, boolean, bit-wise, “?:” and “:=” operators), four alarm levels
 - Sample expressions:
 - 0 read: “VAL = 0”
 - A returns value of record’s “A” field
 - A+B
 - $b * \sin(a * d2r)$; $a := a + 1$
 - $(A+B) < (C+D) ? E : F * G / 100$
- calcout – calc variant
 - Conditional output link, second output CALC expression (.OCAL), output delay, and output event
 - Output-link options : “Every Time”, “On Change”, “When Zero”, “When Non-zero”, “Transition To Zero”, “Transition To Non-zero”

Algorithms/Control Records - Array

- compress
 - Input link can be scalar or array.
 - Algorithms include N to 1 compression (highest, lowest, or average), circular buffer of scalar input.
- histogram
 - Accumulates histogram of the values of a scalar PV
- subArray
 - Extracts a sub-array from a waveform.



Algorithms/Control Records - List

- dfanout – Data fanout
 - Writes a single value to eight output links
- fanout
 - Forward links to six other records.
 - Selection mask
- sel - Select
 - 12 input links, four select options [specified, highest, lowest, median], four alarm levels
- seq - Sequence
 - Ten “Input link/Value/Output link” sets: [delay, inlink, value, outlink]
 - Selection by index or mask



Algorithms/Control Records - Subroutine

- sub – Subroutine
 - 12 input links, user provided subroutine, four alarm levels
- aSub – Array Subroutine
 - 21 input links, 21 output links, controllable data types and array sizes
 - user provided initialize and process subroutines

Algorithms/Control Records - Other

- event
 - Posts a “soft” event which may trigger other records to process.
 - Simulation mode
- Permissive – handshake
 - Implements a client-server handshake
- state – string state value
 - Implements a string, for client-server communication

Output Records

- **ao - Analog output**
 - Write analog value, convert from engineering units, four alarm levels, closed_loop mode, drive limits, output rate-of-change limit, INVALID alarm action, simulation mode
- **aoa - Array analog output**
 - ao for arrays
- **bo - Binary output**
 - Single bit, two states, assign strings to each state, alarm on either state or change of state, closed_loop mode, momentary 'HIGH', INVALID alarm action, simulation mode
- **longout**
 - Write long integer value, four alarm levels, closed_loop mode, INVALID alarm action, simulation mode

Output Records (cont..)

- mbbo - Multi-bit binary output
 - Multiple bit, sixteen states, assign output value for each state, assign strings to each state, assign alarm level to each state, closed_loop mode, INVALID alarm action, simulation mode
- mbboDirect - mbbo variant
 - 16 settable bit fields that get written as a short integer to the hardware, closed_loop mode, INVALID alarm action, sim. mode
- stringout
 - Write a character string (40 max), closed_loop mode, INVALID alarm action, simulation mode

Which record is right for ...

- Soft parameters entered by an operator
 - AO has `DRVH`, `DRVL`, `OROC`, `OMSL` = supervisory/closed_loop
 - MBBO provides enumerated options which can be converted to constants (use `DTYPE` = Raw Soft Channel)
 - Normally one does *not* use input records for operator parameters
- Multiple output actions
 - Sequence record can read a different data source for each link output value
 - The `dfanout` record “fans out” data from a single source to multiple links
- Different output actions based on an operator selection
 - `CALCOUT` records that conditionally process sequence records
 - MBBO (`DTYPE` = Raw Soft Channel) forward linked to a sequence record in “masked” mode. Mask value is provided by MBBO for each state.

Defining the Database

- How does an IOC know what record *types* and device support options are available ?
 - Record types, device support options, choice menus, and other configuration options are defined in Database Definition files (.dbd)
 - The IOC build process creates a .dbd file containing everything the IOC needs
 - That .dbd file is loaded by the IOC when it starts up
- How does an IOC know about record *instances* (the user's database) ?
 - Record instances are describe in Database files (.db)
 - During the IOC booting process, one or more .db files are loaded
 - The .db files define the record instances for that IOC



Database Definition File

```
menu(menuPriority) {
  choice(menuPriorityLOW, "LOW")
  choice(menuPriorityMEDIUM, "MEDIUM")
  choice(menuPriorityHIGH, "HIGH")
}
menu(menuScan) {
  choice(menuScanPassive, "Passive")
  choice(menuScanEvent, "Event")
  choice(menuScanI_O_Intr, "I/O Intr")
  choice(menuScan10_second, "10 second")
  choice(menuScan5_second, "5 second")
  choice(menuScan2_second, "2 second")
  choice(menuScan1_second, "1 second")
  choice(menuScan_5_second, ".5 second")
  choice(menuScan_2_second, ".2 second")
  choice(menuScan_1_second, ".1 second")
}
```

```
device(ai, CONSTANT, devAiSoftRaw,
        "Raw Soft Channel")
device(ai, BITBUS_IO, devAiIObug,
        "Bitbus Device")
device(ao, CONSTANT, devAoSoftRaw,
        "Raw Soft Channel")
device(ao, VME_IO, devAoAt5Vxi,
        "VXI-AT5-AO")
device(bi, VME_IO, devBiAvme9440,
        "AVME9440 I")
device(bi, AB_IO, devBiAb,
        "AB-Binary Input")
driver(drvVxi)
driver(drvMxi)
driver(drvGpib)
driver(drvBitBus)
```

Extracts from a typical .dbd file

Database Definition File continued...

```
menu(aoOIF) {
  choice(aoOIF_Full,"Full")
  choice(aoOIF_Incremental,
         "Incremental")
}
recordtype(ao) {
  include "dbCommon.dbd"
  field(VAL,DBF_DOUBLE) {
    prompt("Desired Output")
    promptgroup(GUI_OUTPUT)
    asl(ASL0)
    pp(TRUE)
  }
  field(OUT,DBF_OUTLINK) {
    prompt("Output Specification")
    promptgroup(GUI_OUTPUT)
    interest(1)
  }
}
```

```
field(OIF,DBF_MENU) {
  prompt("Out Full/Incremental")
  promptgroup(GUI_OUTPUT)
  interest(1)
  menu(aoOIF)
}
field(OVAL,DBF_DOUBLE) {
  prompt("Output Value")
}
field(PREC,DBF_SHORT) {
  prompt("Display Precision")
  promptgroup(GUI_DISPLAY)
  interest(1)
}
...
}
```

Parts of the ao record type definition from a typical .dbd file

Database File

```
record(bo,"$(user):gunOnC") {
    field(DESC,"Controls e-gun")
}
record(bo,"$(user):gunOnC") {
    field(DESC,"Controls e-gun")
    field(DTYP,"Soft Channel")
    field(ZNAM,"Beam Off")
    field(ONAM,"Beam On")
}
record(ao,"$(user):cathodeCurrentC") {
    field(DESC,"set cathode current")
    field(DTYP,"Raw Soft Channel")
    field(SCAN,"1 second")
    field(OROC,".5")
    field(PREC,"2")
    field(EGU,"Amps")
    field(DRVH,"20")
    field(DRVL,"0")
    field(HOPR,"20")
    field(LOPR,"0")
}
```

```
record(calc,"$(user):rampM") {
    field(CALC,"A>6.27?0:A+.1")
    field(SCAN,"1 second")
    field(INPA,"$(user):rampM.VAL")
}
record(calc,"$(user):cathodeTempM") {
    field(DESC,"Measured Temp")
    field(SCAN,"1 second")
    field(CALC,"C+(A*7)+(SIN(B)*3.5)")
    field(INPA,"$(user):cathodeCurrentC.OVAL")
    field(INPB,"$(user):rampM.VAL")
    field(INPC,"70")
    field(EGU,"degF")
    field(PREC,"1")
    field(HOPR,"200")
    field(LOPR,"")
    field(HIHI,"180")
    field(LOLO,"130")
    field(HIGH,"160")
    field(LOW,"140")
    field(HHSV,"MAJOR")
    field(HSV,"MINOR")
    field(LLSV,"MAJOR")
    field(LSV,"MINOR")
}
```

Loading Database Files into the IOC

- A typical startup script (st.cmd) might contain

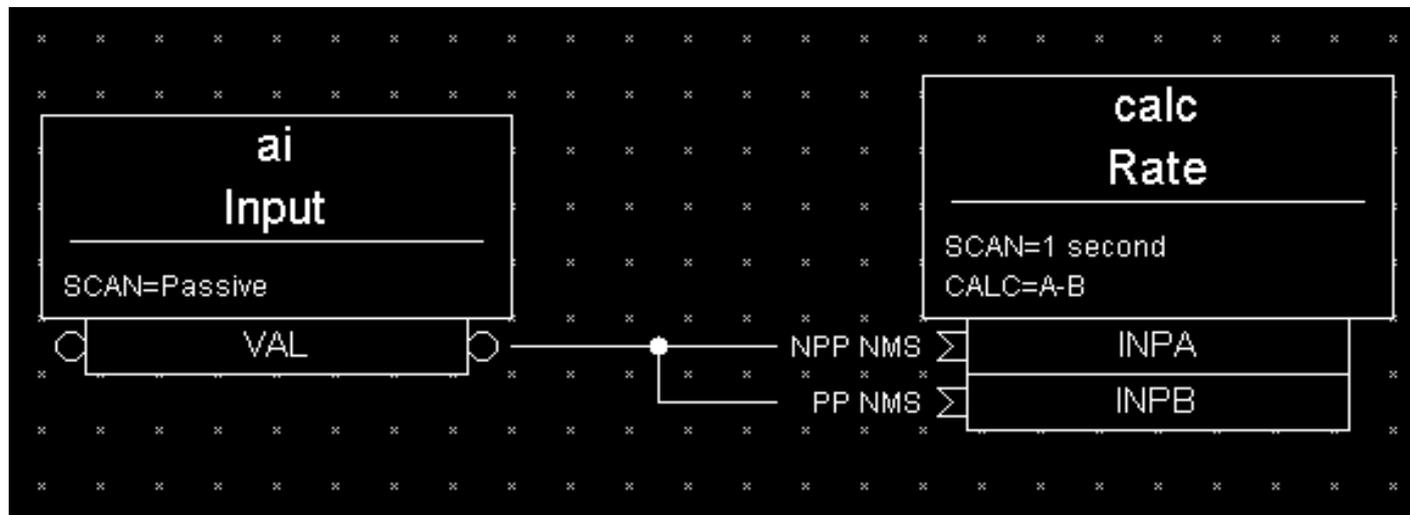
```
dbLoadDatabase (" ../ ../dbd/linacApp.dbd")
dbLoadRecords (" ../ ../db/xxLinacSim.db", "user=student1")
iocInit
```
- One or more database definition files (.dbd) must be loaded first
 - All record types used in the database files must have been defined in the definition file
- Values for macros used within the database file (e.g. `$(user)`) can be specified when loading
 - This allows a database to be loaded more than once with different record names and I/O addresses each time
- The iocInit command starts database processing

Creating Database Files

- Since the database file is a simple ascii file, it can be generated by numerous applications ... as long as the syntax is correct
 - Text editor
 - Script (Perl, Python, shell, awk, sed, ...)
 - Relational Database (Oracle, MySQL)
 - EPICS-aware Database Configuration Tools:
 - VDCT (recommended for new designs)
 - CAPFAST (a schematic entry application)
- An EPICS-aware tool reads the IOC's .dbd file to get the available record types, fields in each record, choice values for enumerated fields and all available device support
- A hierarchical graphical tool is helpful for developing complex databases

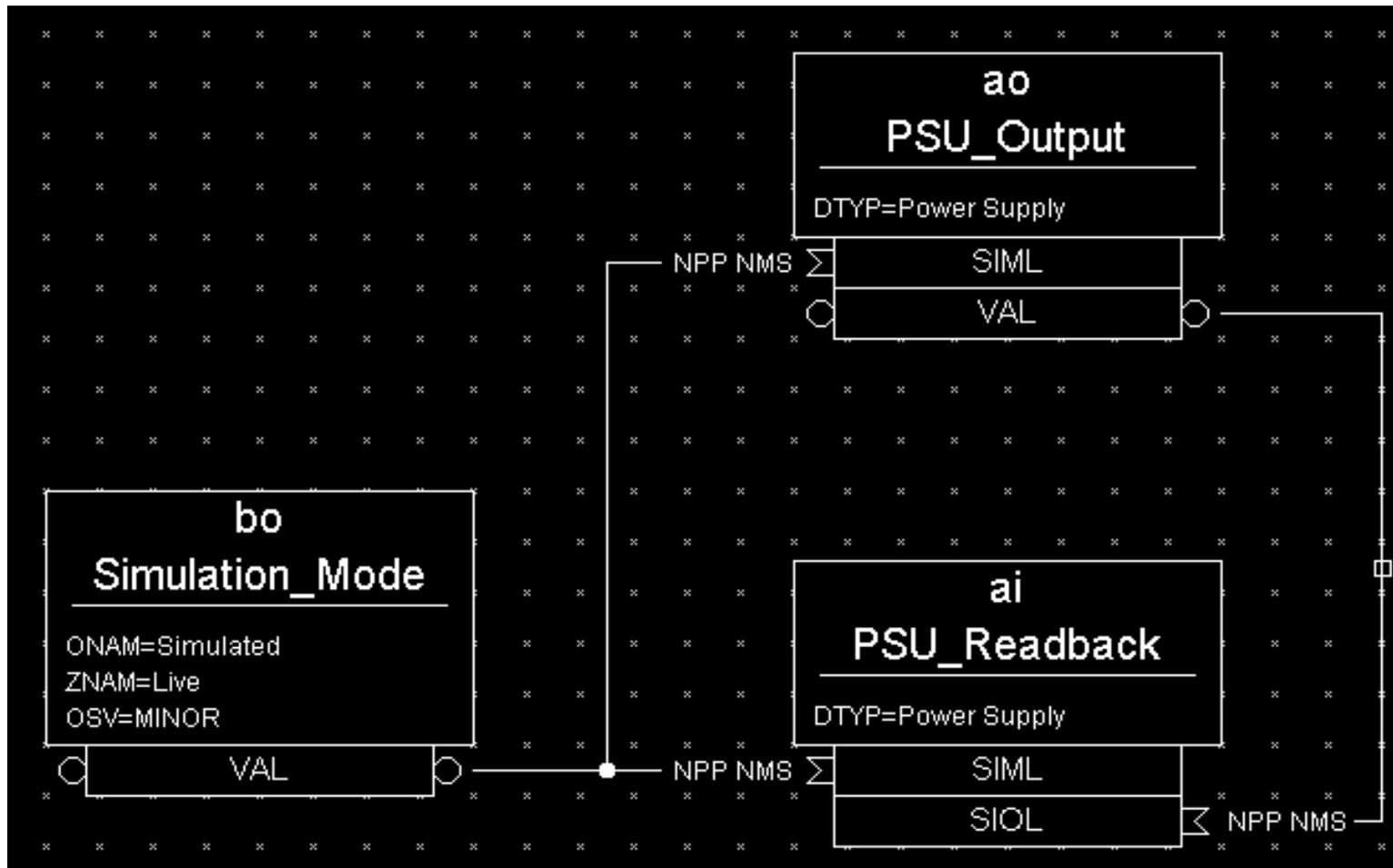
Database Examples

Calculating “Rate-of-Change” of an Input



INPA fetches data that is 1 second old because it does not request processing of the AI record. INPB fetches current data because it requests the AI record to process. The subtraction of these two values reflects the ‘rate of change’ (difference/sec) of the pressure reading.

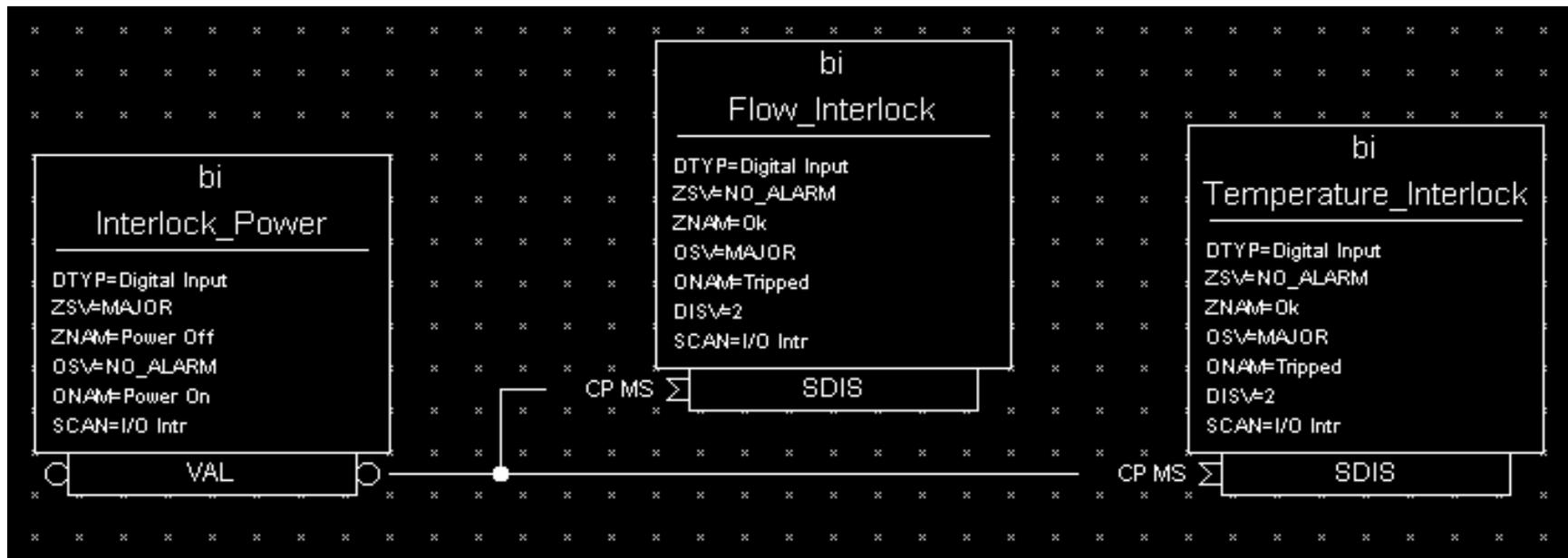
Database Examples



When in simulation mode, the AO record does not call device support and the AI record fetches its input from the AO record.

Database Examples

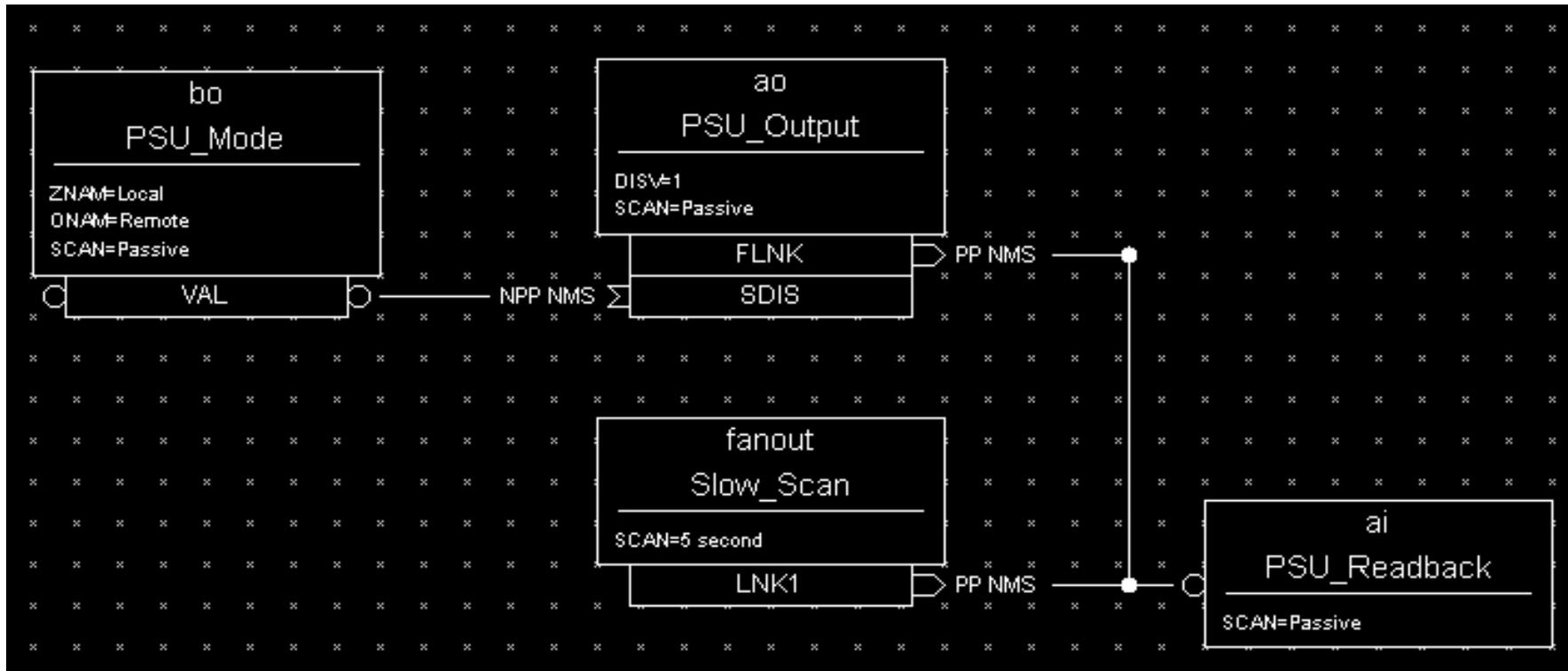
Maximize Severity



If chassis is powered off, Temp Trip and Flow Trip indicate Normal. Force these PVs into an alarm state by specifying .SDIS with .MS (maximize severity) to the Chassis On record. Set .DISV (disable value) to 2 so processing will never be disabled.

Database Examples

Slow Periodic Scan with Fast Change Response



The AI record gets processed every 5 seconds AND whenever the AO record is changed. This provides immediate response to an operator's changes even though the normal scan rate is very slow. Changes to the power supply settings are inhibited by the BO record, which represents a Local/Remote switch.

Database Examples

Different Actions Based on Operator Selection

```
record(mbbo,"$(user):PS:Control") {
  field(DTYP,"Raw Soft Channel")
  field(FLNK,"$(user):PS:ControlSQ.VAL PP NMS")
  field(ZRVL,"0x3")           BIT MAP: 0011 -> do LNK1, LNK2
  field(ZRST,"Off")          menu item operator sees
  field(ONVL,"0x5")           BIT MAP: 0101 -> do LNK1, LNK3
  field(ONST,"On")           menu item operator sees
  field(TWVL,"0xc")           BIT MAP: 1100 -> do LNK3, LNK4
  field(TWST,"Set @ Default") menu item operator sees
}
record(seq,"$(user):PS:ControlSQ") {
  field(SELM,"Mask")
  field(SELL,"$(user):PS:Control.RVAL NPP NMS")
  field(DLY1,"0")
  field(DOL1,"0")
  field(LNK1,"$(user):PS:setCurrent.VAL PP NMS")
  field(DLY2,"2")
  field(DOL2,"0")
  field(LNK2,"$(user):PS:pwrControl.VAL PP NMS")
  field(DLY3,"0")
  field(DOL3,"1")
  field(LNK3,"$(user):PS:pwrControl.VAL PP NMS")
  field(DLY4,"1")
  field(DOL4,"3.75")
  field(LNK4,"$(user):PS:setCurrent.VAL PP NMS")
}
```

Off

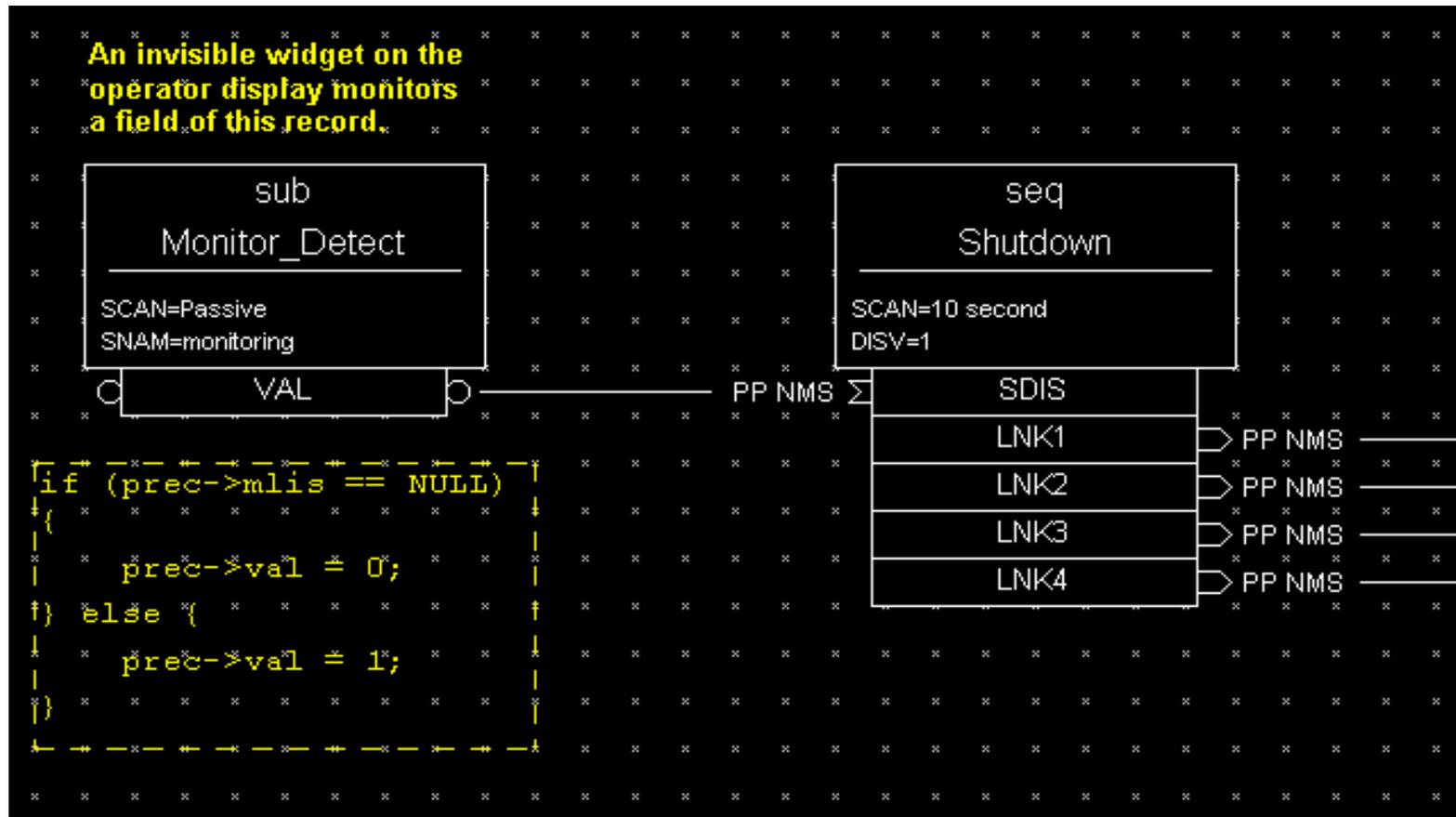
On

Set @ Default

Different links in the sequence record are executed for each selection of the mbbo. This allows much functionality to be specified in only two records.

Database Examples

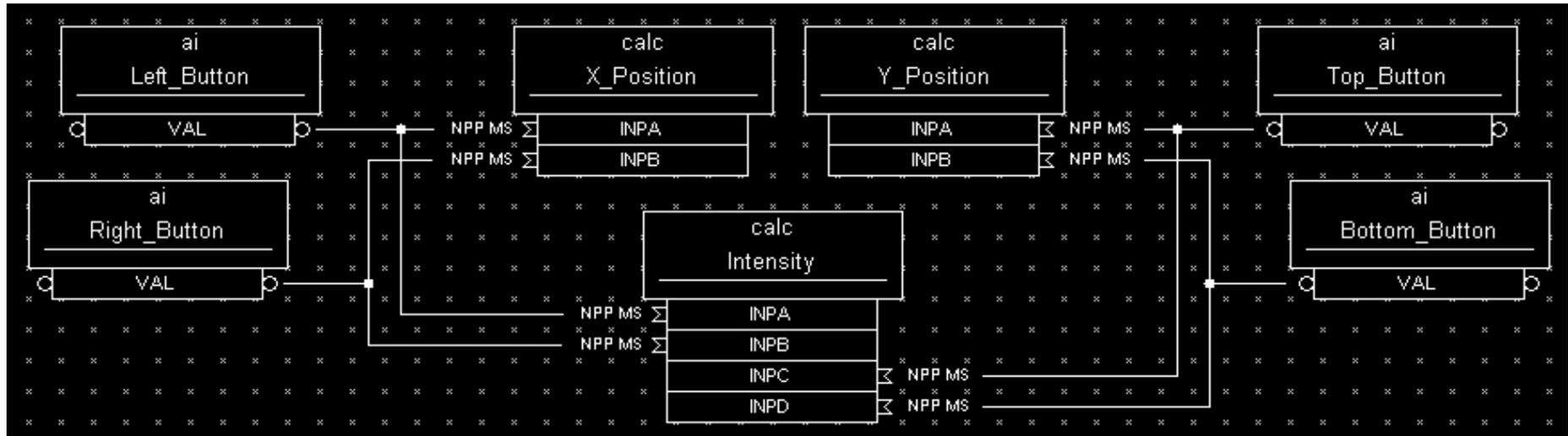
Automatic Shutdown on Logout



If no CA monitor exists on the SUB record (i.e. the operator logs out), MLIS will be NULL. The subroutine will then set the .VAL field to 0, causing the sequence record to process.

Database Examples

Quick Prototyping with Standard Records



Custom Record Definition

