# IPAC for VME64x

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#### VME64x

- Geographical addressing
- Hot-swap capability
- Intelligent backplane
- First slot detection
- More backplane connectors/pins
- Rear plug in units

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### Hytec VICB8002

- IP carrier
- 6U VME64x board
- 4 single (or 2 double) size IP cards

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### Geographical Addressing

- No need to mess around with jumpers
- Swapping cards is more straightforward
- No need to put VME addresses into st.cmd

Address conflicts still possible

### VME Address Map

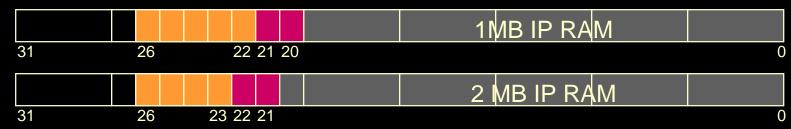
- 5 bit geographical address (up to 31 slots)
- A16 short address bits 11-15



• A24 - standard address - bits 19-23



• A32 - extended address - bits 22-26



### Hot Swap

- The ability to remove and insert boards from a running IOC at any time.
- VME64x provides the standards to ensure hardware protection. So long as the IP carrier is compliant the IP cards will be OK.
- Writing the software requires care.

### Assumptions

Each VME slot must have functionally the same hardware before and after the swap.

#### **Allowed**

- Replacement of faulty
   IP card with functional
   equivalent
- Replacement of faulty
   IP carrier board
- Removal of several boards at any one time

#### **Not Allowed**

- Moving IP carrier to a different slot
- Adding an IP card to a spare socket on the carrier
- Adding a new IP carrier to the system

### Software

- Written by Walter Scott (aka Scotty)
- Extends drvIpac by Andrew Johnson
- Based on work by Steve Hunt
- Board removal detection is the responsibility of the IP carrier driver

### Extended IPAC Carrier Type

#### **Original**

```
typedef struct {
  char     *carrierType;
  ushort_t    numberSlots;
  int     (*initialise)( ... );
  char *(*report)( ... );
  void *(*baseAddr)( ... );
  int     (*irqCmd)( ... );
  int     (*intConnect)( ... );
} ipac_carrier_t;
```

#### **Extended**

```
typedef struct {
 char *carrierType;
 ushort_t numberSlots;
 ushort_t funcnum;
 int (*initialise)( ... );
 char *(*report)( ... );
 void *(*baseAddr)( ... );
 int (*irqCmd)( ... );
 int (*intConnect)( ... );
 int (*carrierIsPresent)(...);
} EXTipac_carrier_t;
```

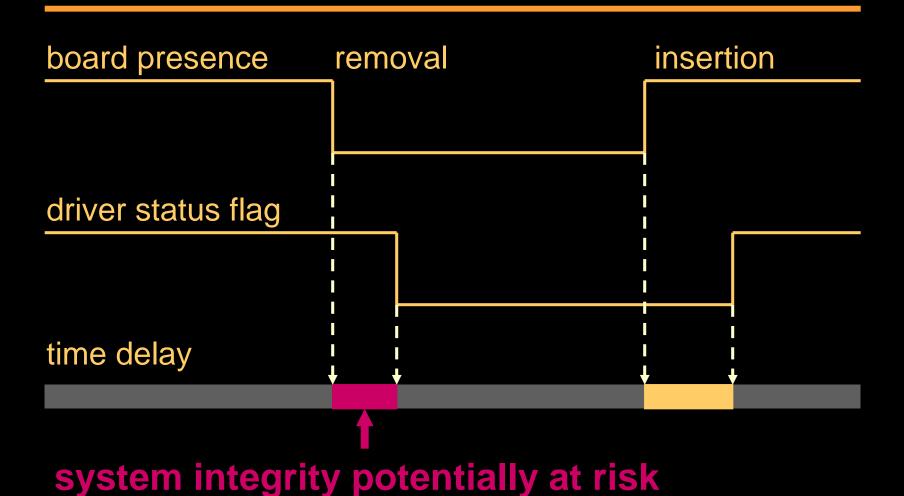
### Extended Functionality

- EXTipacAddCarrier ()
  - Install the extended IP carrier driver.
- ipmCarrierIsPresent ( )
  - Returns false if carrier has been removed.

### Backwards Compatibility

- ipacAddCarrier () still available
  - Constructs an extended EXTipac\_carrier\_t with function
  - Then calls EXTipacAddCarrier ( )
- This should continue work as normal for existing IP carriers which do not support hot-swap.

#### Board Removal Event



### Detecting Card Removal

#### Interrupt

- Carrier should generate an interrupt when the handles are flipped before card is withdrawn.
- Interrupt level should be higher than for IP card interrupts.
- ISR sets the carrierIsPresent flag to false.
- Poll & probe fallback if no interrupt
  - Polling task runs at high priority
  - Checks for card by calling vxMemProbe ( )

### Detecting Board Insertion

- Polling task at carrier level
- Delay is not critical to system function

#### IP Drivers

- To Access IP registers
  - First call ipmCarrierIsPresent ( )
  - Use vxMemProbe ( ) to access registers
  - Keep a local copy of hardware registers
- If card is removed
  - return status code to EPICS record
- When card is replaced
  - restore registers

### Acknowledgements

- Walter Scott aka Scotty Hytec
  - http://www.hytec-electronics.co.uk
- Documentation:
  - Writing hotswap proof EPICS drivers for industry pack (IP) cards
  - Using the Hytec VICB8002 VME64x IP carrier board in EPICS
  - VICB8002 VME 64x industry pack carrier board users manual

# IPAC for VME64x

The End