

# Origin of Dynamics in Glassy Materials

## Opportunity

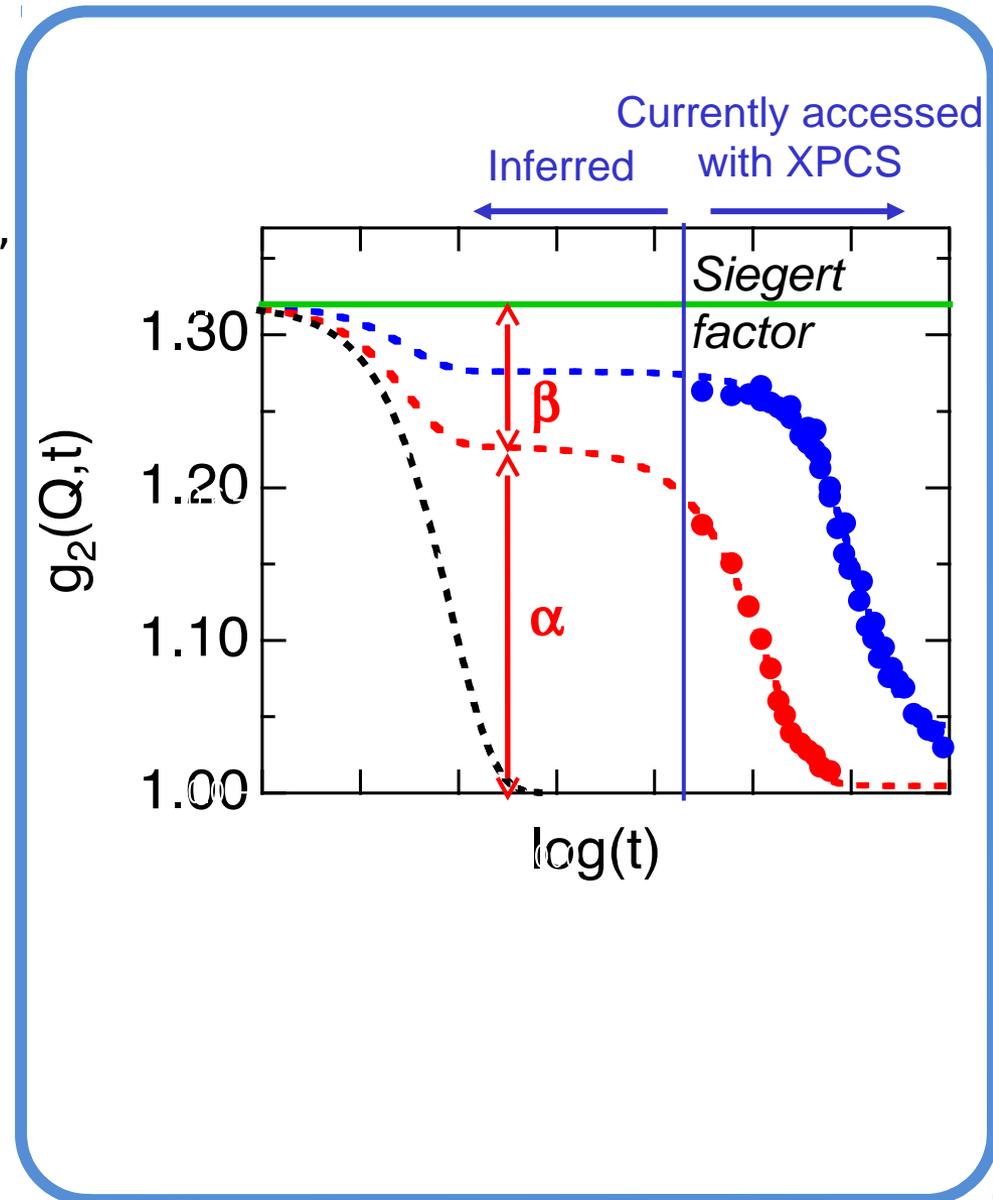
- Hierarchical dynamic phenomena in glassy materials: colloidal suspensions, gels, nanoemulsions, polymers. Microscopic origin of high viscosity in glassy materials.
- Ability to probe both the alpha and the beta relaxation at the nanoscale

## Challenge

- Limited coherent flux to access micro second time scales
- Limited coherent fraction to access nanometer length scales

## 4GSR Strength

- 100x brilliance will expand the accessible dynamic range to microseconds, enabling probing the full dynamic evolution and fast



# Sub-micron Flow Profiles

## Opportunity

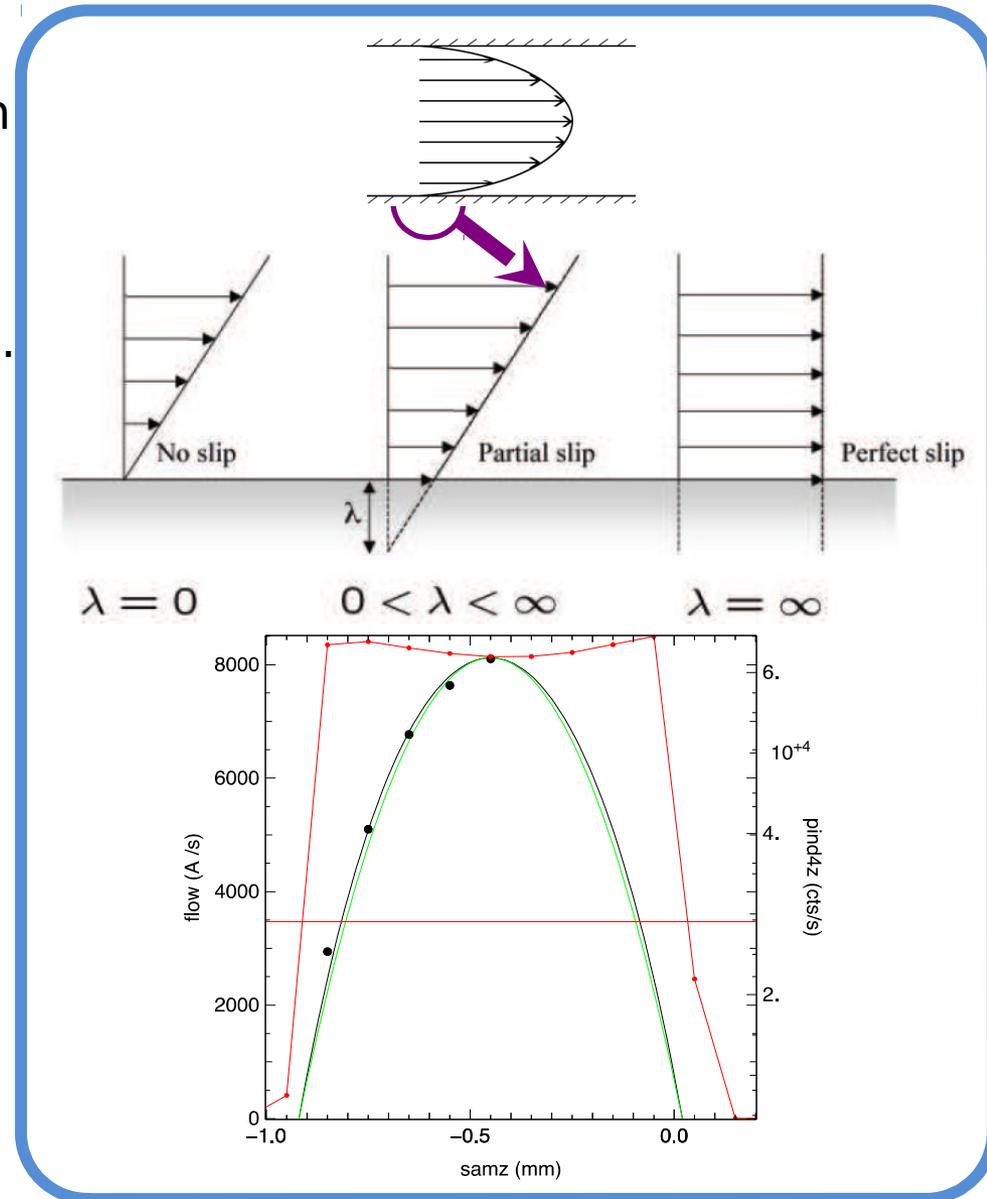
- Measure flow velocity profiles with sub-micron spatial resolution. Nanometer flow profiles are important to understand dynamics in materials.
- Demonstration experiment: studying velocity boundary conditions at fluid-solid interface.

## Challenge

- Coherence preserving sub-micrometer focusing to access the fluid/solid interface
- Limited coherent flux and coherent fraction to probe nanoscale dynamics

## 4GSR Strength

- Sub-micron focusing with



# Nanoscale Dynamics and Macroscopic Rheology

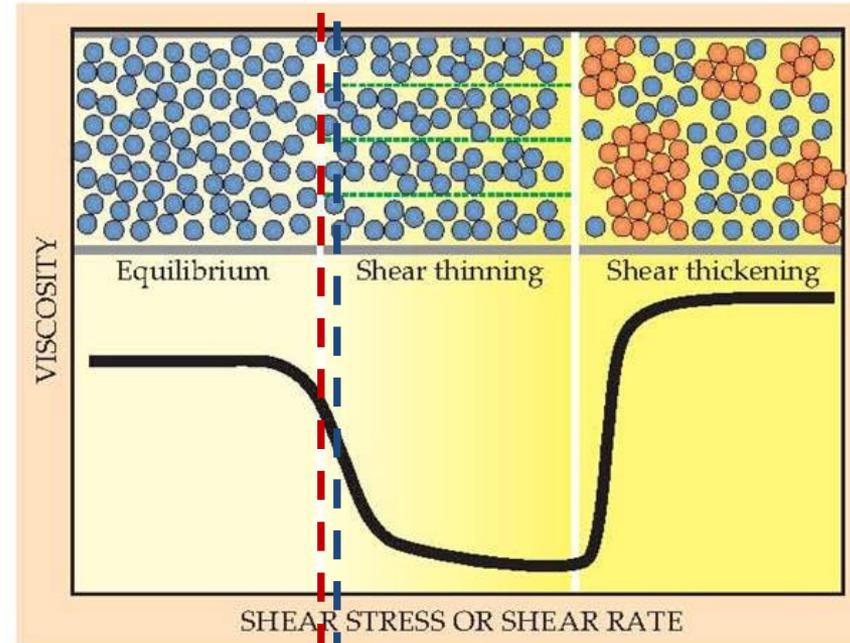
## Opportunity

- Linear and non-linear bulk rheology and its relation to nanoscale dynamics in complex fluids
- Shear induced velocity banding and flow instabilities in complex fluids
  - Highly sensitive probe of stress relaxation at the nanoscale as manifested in the non-equilibrium dynamics

## Challenge

- Limited coherent fraction at high energies (20-30 keV) for shear cell and rheometer penetration
- Limited coherent flux and coherent fraction to probe nanoscale dynamics at micro-second time scales

## Newtonian Fluid Non-Newtonian Fluid



**Rheo-SAXS-XPCS**